

75th ECTC 2025 Students' Competition Exploration of Thermal-Mechanical Challenges for Heterogeneously Integrated Opto-Electronic Packages

Students' Competition Team



Exploration of Thermal-Mechanical Challenges for Heterogeneously Integrated Opto-Electronic Packages



Context:

Photonic devices co-packaged with processors for compute in data centers have the potential to significantly increase communication bandwidth while reducing power consumption. Likewise, heterogeneous integration of optoelectronics is poised to make impacts in compact solid-state sensing for a range of mobility and bio-sensing applications.

Challenge:

- <u>Select</u> an application of interest related to either heterogeneous copackaged optics for compute or opto-electronic packaging for sensing
- <u>Define</u>, based on the selected application, a relevant package structure (incl. geometry, materials) along with appropriate thermal loads and boundary conditions. Provide clear justification for the selected problem setup.
- <u>Construct</u> a thermal and/or thermal-mechanical (e.g., computational or analytical) model of the package to understand heat transfer and/or mechanical reliability performance bottlenecks
- <u>Propose</u> innovative technical (e.g., package cooling or stress mitigation) solutions based on a survey of state-of-the-art literature
- <u>Investigate</u> proposed solutions (again either numerically or analytically) to quantify thermal-mechanical performance improvements





Suggested References:

- Lohan, D. J., Dede, E. M., and Schmalenberg, P. Solid-State LiDAR With Optimized Dynamic Beam Power Intensity for Reduced Thermal Load ASME Open J. Engineering ASME. January 2024 3 031021 doi: https://doi.org/10.1115/1.4065898
- R. Mahajan *et al.*, "Co-Packaged Photonics For High Performance Computing: Status, Challenges And Opportunities," in *Journal of Lightwave Technology*, vol. 40, no. 2, pp. 379-392, 15 Jan.15, 2022, doi: 10.1109/JLT.2021.3104725.
- R. Enright et al., "A Vision for Thermally Integrated Photonics Systems," in Bell Labs Technical Journal, vol. 19, pp. 31-45, 2014, doi: 10.15325/BLTJ.2014.2364431.